Emergency Treatment in orthodontic clinic (Fifth year dental students)

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Orthodontic emergency

A problem arising from an orthodontic appliance, where an unscheduled appointment is required to resolve the issue

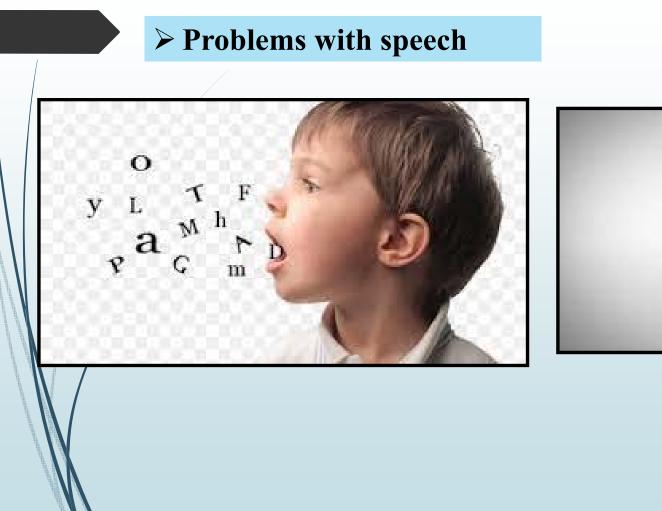


Removable orthodontic appliances

> Mouth watering



 Reassure patient and advise that it will resolve as mouth adapts to strange plastic object
 Warn patient at time of fitting







> Appliance loose

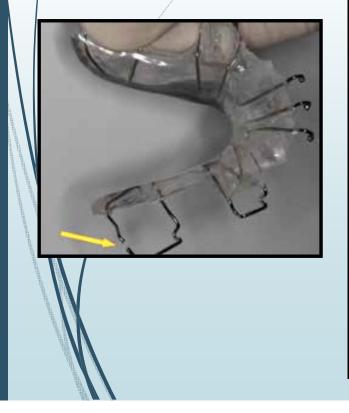


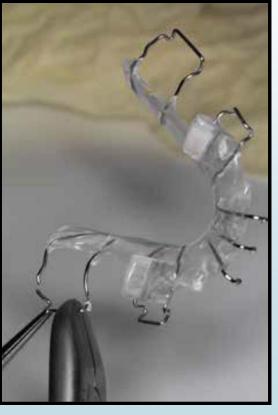


- Adding additional clasps and/or a labial bow
- Adjust clasps
- Remake appliance with improved design



Fractured retentive components

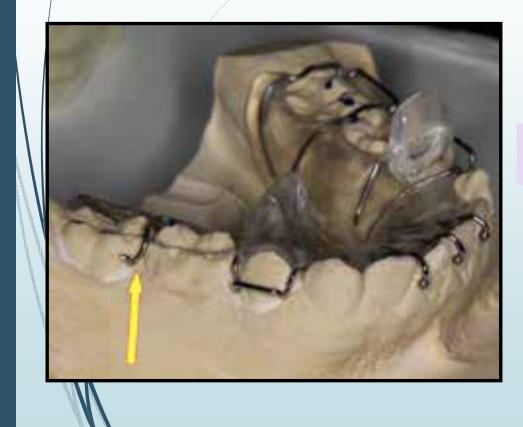






Removal of the fractured clasp.

> Fractured retentive components





leaving the arrowheads engaging the undercut for retention

> Fractured Active components



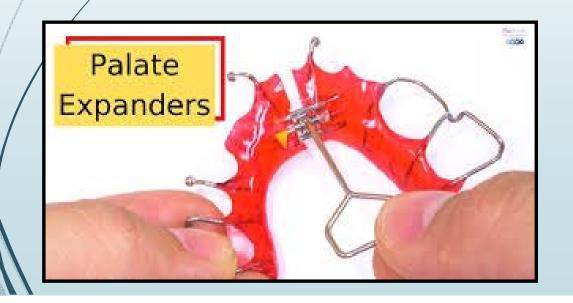


- Removing sharp ends or loose wires
- Replace the active components



Fractured expansion screw

✓ Left the appliance out of the mouth for a day or two
 ✓ Turn the screw back, in quarter turn increments, until the patient can comfortably, fully insert the appliance



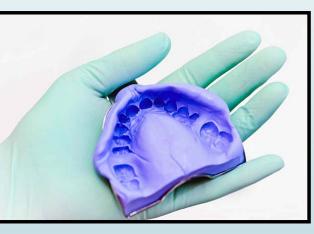


Acrylic fractured (including baseplat, buccal capping)





***** Take new impression





***** Smooth fractured edge



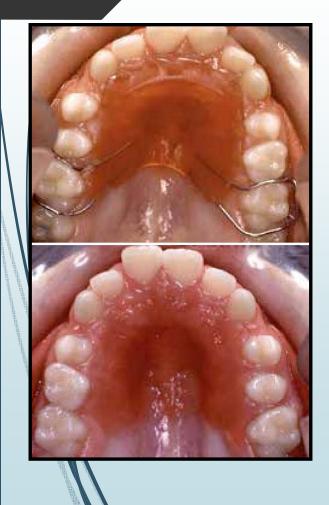
***** Possible inhalation or ingestion of an orthodontic component



- ✓ If still visible in the mouth or oropharynx, an attempt should be made to remove it.
- ✓ If is not possible then the patient should be encouraged to cough up the foreign body.
- ✓ If the airway appears compromised then an ambulance should be called, and appropriate radiographic examination.



Redness on roof of mouth (Candida)



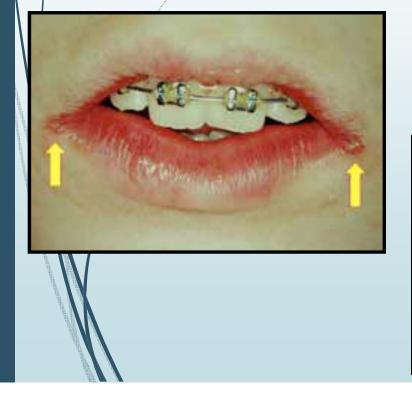


✓ OHI and dietary advice✓ Antifungal





> Sore cracks at side of mouth (Angular cheilitis)





- ✓ OHI and dietary advice
 ✓ Antifungel
- ✓ Antifungal



Functional appliance

a. Removable functional appliance



Appliance comes out at night



Appliance not retentive due to poor design





Adding additional clasps and/or a labial bow
If not feasible then re-make appliance with improved design



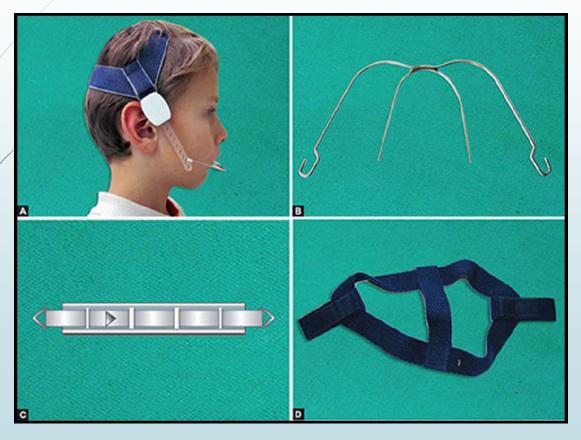
Ulceration in the lingual sulcus caused by the lower lingual flanges



 ✓ Appropriate trimming of the acrylic, just in the area of the inflamed mucosa or ulcer



Extra oral appliances Headgear





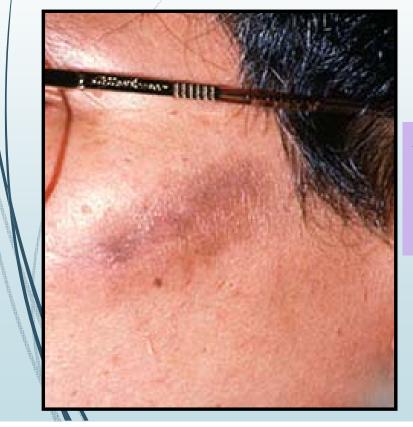








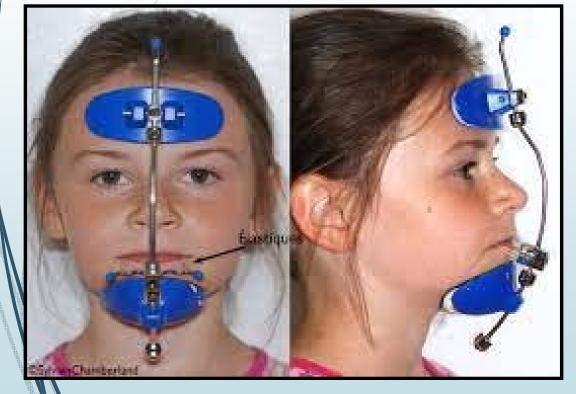
□ Nickel allergy and Contact dermatitis-type IV





 ✓ Confirmation of the nickel allergy by a dermatologist and using nickel-free appliances or a plastic shield.

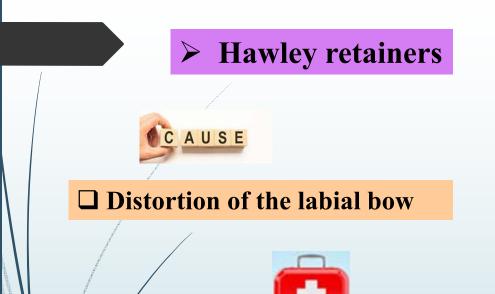
□ Pain due to heavy force levels





Removable Retainers







- ✓ Carefully readapted to the upper labial segment teeth
 ✓ Very minor distortion will need the appliance to be sent back to the laboratory, or to the treating
 orthodontist for attention
- ✓ If the damage is more extensive, or the appliance is lost, a new retainer will need to be made

occasionally, trauma on insertion, particularly around the gingival margins. It is a very simple matter for the general dental practitioner, or even the patient, to trim the prominent flange back with a pair of sharp scissors then smooth the cut ends with an emery board



